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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/667,010	09/21/2000	Uve Hansmann	IBM-116	8803
7590	05/23/2006		EXAMINER	
Thomas A Beck 26 Rockledge Lane New Milford, CT 06776			MOORTHY, ARAVIND K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2131	

DATE MAILED: 05/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/667,010	HANSMANN ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Aravind K. Moorthy	2131	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 April 2006.

2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on 21 September 2000 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. This is in response to the RCE filed on 27 April 2006.
2. Claims 1-11 are pending in the application.
3. Claims 1-11 have been rejected.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

4. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 27 April 2006 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claims 1-4, 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kennedy et al U.S. Patent No. 6,084,968.

As to claim 1, Kennedy et al discloses a method for setting basic means of access for operation of devices of which the operation is controllable by electronic means, comprising:

the devices comprising mobile phones, small computer-controlled consumer devices with relatively low level of computing power, computers, motor vehicles, control terminals for industrial processes, all of which devices may require authentication prior to operation [column 3, lines 47-62];

establishment of a link between a personal authentication system supplied with encryption data and a logic system able to control an electronic device control, the encryption data being stored solely in the authentication system, the link between the authentication system and the device being via wired or wireless means [column 4 line 57 to column 5 line 15].

checking the encryption data in the authentication system prior to operation of the electronic device control [column 5 line 30 to column 6 line 5];

assignment of predetermined means of access to the electronic device control associated with the authentication system the predetermined means providing access to physical hardware resources and access to different software functions, based on the privileges of the user who identified himself to the system, the software function evaluates a security token and is running on top of the physical hardware [column 4, lines 39-56];

enabling of the means for access predetermined for the authentication system dependent on the result of the check [column 5 line 30 to column 6 line 5]; the method providing means of no access or full access and allow more finely defined levels of access as defined in a user profile for configuration or maintenance work [column 4, lines 39-56].

As to claim 2, Kennedy et al discloses that the basic means of access to functions of the device comprise at least one of the following means: disable operation of the devices, enable operation of the devices, or enable configuration of the devices [column 5 line 30 to column 6 line 5].

As to claim 3, Kennedy et al discloses that the link is made without need for intermediate software layers [column 3, lines 63-67].

As to claim 4, Kennedy et al discloses in addition, the step of reading at least one of the following features embodied within the authentication system: firmware programs, device-specific command sequences for execution of specific device-specific functions, cryptographic keys, cryptographic algorithms, and individual decision-making logic [column 4, lines 39-56].

As to claim 10, Kennedy et al discloses program code areas for the execution or preparation for execution of the steps when the program is installed in a computer [column 3, lines 8-46].

As to claim 11, Kennedy et al discloses a method for setting basic means of access for operation of devices of which the operation is controllable by electronic means, comprising:

the devices comprising computer-controlled consumer devices with relatively low level of computing power, computers, motor vehicles, control

terminals for industrial processes, all of which devices may require authentication prior to operation [column 3, lines 47-62];

establishment of a link between a personal authentication system supplied with encryption data and a logic system able to control an electronic device control, the encryption data being stored solely in the authentication system, the link between the authentication system and the device being via wired or wireless means [column 4 line 57 to column 5 line 15].

checking the encryption data in the authentication system prior to operation of the electronic device control [column 5 line 30 to column 6 line 5];

assignment of predetermined means of access to the electronic device control associated with the authentication system the predetermined means providing access to physical hardware resources and access to different software functions, based on the privileges of the user who identified himself to the system, the software function evaluates a security token and is running on top of the physical hardware [column 4, lines 39-56];

enabling of the means for access predetermined for the authentication system dependent on the result of the check [column 5 line 30 to column 6 line 5].

the method providing means of no access or full access and allow more finely defined levels of access as defined in a user profile for configuration or maintenance work [column 4, lines 39-56].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 5-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kennedy et al U.S. Patent No. 6,084,968 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Findikli et al U.S. Patent No. 6,415,144 B1.

As to claim 5, Kennedy et al does not teach that the method includes configuration of the devices, by authorized persons. Kennedy et al does not teach that after successful authentication, device-specific configuration data are downloaded into the devices from the authentication system in accordance with the authentication systems or over a network.

Findikli et al teaches configuration of the devices, by authorized persons [column 1 line 61 to column 2 line 5]. Findikli et al teaches that device-specific configuration data are downloaded into the devices from the authentication system in accordance with the authentication systems or over a network [column 1 line 61 to column 2 line 5].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Kennedy et al so that the method would have included configuration of the devices, by an authorized persons. After successful authentication, device-specific configuration data would have been downloaded into the devices from the authentication system in accordance with the authentication systems or over a network.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Kennedy et al by the teaching of Fındıklı et al because over-the-air teleservices provide the radio telecommunications system operators with greater flexibility in tailoring wireless devices to meet the needs of their subscribers [column 2, lines 6-10].

As to claim 6, Kennedy et al teaches execution setting basic means of access for operations [column 4, lines 39-56].

As to claim 7, Kennedy et al teaches authentication of a person or a group of people [column 4, lines 39-56].

As to claim 8, Kennedy et al teaches that the authentication system is implemented in the form of a Smartcard [column 3, lines 47-62].

As to claim 9, Kennedy et al teaches setting basic means of access for operation of devices of which the operation is controllable by electronic means, including at least one device and an authentication system [column 3, lines 47-62].

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aravind K. Moorthy whose telephone number is 571-272-3793. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R. Sheikh can be reached on 571-272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Aravind K Moorthy
May 17, 2006


AYAZ SHEIKH
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100